WHEELING, WEST VA., MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 6, 1882.

The Intelligencer.

"Scherber," Moundsville,—The name being French is pronounced as if spelled Geetow-but the anglicised pronunciation

cently paid the town of Grafton \$1,873.48 ceany parameters at 1880 and 1881. It still

copy of our centennial supplement. How

are mough. We presume that the taxbanks would say the same thing if they

the Readjusters. Riddleberger has introhows that the policy of the colored race Being votes to bestow, their interests will

hat it smacks of the cockloft and grape-

The Wheeling Register of the 31st ult. makes a terrible blow about its facilities for gathering news from all parts of the eccentry, and among the items of "news" which it refers to is "A Terrible Tragedy in Bandoph," which never tragedied walks eccent. All the truth there was in his article was published in the local pasers of this section a week or two before the Repiete got hold of its "news" in result to the matter, and instead of its furnishing is section with "news" if furnishing is section with "news" if furnishing is section with "news" if furnishing its section. them only a great big no such a thing was no shooting or lynching at all nothing but a double elopement."

sees. The whole span, 75 feet in length, broke away from the two granite piers upon which it rested, as clearly as 'if each end had been sawn through, and sank with a rash to the rocky bed of the river beneath, a distance of nearly thirty feet. Fortunately the falling span did not tilt, and the stage remained upon the bridge in an upright position until the bottom was reached, when the whicle was overturned and the horses thrown into the water and became entangled in the iron work of the bridge, their exertions dragging the stage into the river. The male passengers succeeded in gelting out, through the broken side of the stage on the bridge span, which remained an between the pillars, having struck on the rocky bottom of the river and become fixed. They then quickly drew the same sont, and all remained on the half-sabmerged debris until rescued.

Brady Sells Out.

Brady Sells Out.

WARINGTON, February 5.—Gen. Thos. Brady, one of the principal owners of the Automatic Brady, one of the principal owners of the Automatic Brady, in the property of this interest in that paper to W. A. Patton, of New York City. It is understood that there will be no change in the editorial and business departments of the japer, Hallett Kilbourn remaining as business manager and G. C. Gorbarn additor in the semanager and G. C. Gorbarn additor in , Hallett Kilbourn remaining as busi-nanager and G. C. Gorham editor in

Palladeliphia, February 5.—P. M. lesly, member of Parliament, lectured ter to-night and a large sum was realized or the Land Learning.

MABSON'S MISTAKE.

To Get a Seat in Congress-The Committee Sits Down on Him-Railroad Notes-The Geneva Award-Meeting of Supervising Inspec-

Marinature process of the time temperated question may prove a formidate temperated question may prove a formidate printed, but his own argument showed that the issue in West Virginia in the canvass the ran in a district (Thick) was proven to have said before his nomination that he did not expect to be elected, but that his candidacy would induce General Garfield, if elected , to give him something good. He is further pro THE Grafton Sentinel thinks that sixty- to get nothing out of his contest, but that he wanted to get his election expense back and make a little money beside rally of a State that is in debt Upon hearing a half hour of his argument out \$20,000 to the school fund and the sub-committee rose with the abo There is but little doubt that the viciou practice adopted by Congress of appropriapenses does more to bring on ill founded ngon, New York, Chicago, Louisville, contests than anything else. Thousands of New Haven, Providence, Philadelphia, dollars are paid out each Congress in this way, and thousands of dollars more are resched by their lines, at twenty-five cents wasted in printing briefs and arguments or twenty words, and one cent additional that are useless. The matter has attracted for each additional word. - Cincinnati Com- the attention of numerous Congressmen and a vigorous war upon the practice will

duced a proposition to devote \$100,000 for Meeting of the Board-No Changes in the

inecial Dispatch to the Intellig National Board of Supervising Inspectors past will conclude its business to-morrow by hearing and passing upon the report of how that it ever received one word of a number of amendments to the rules govmittee, which consists of Inspectors Fehrenbatch, of Cincinnati, Carr, of Louved one word of that pretended special isville, and Flower, of St. Paul, has con-Wechallenge it to show that its bills at eighty rules governing the service, but its other duties and bailiff Curtis placed in he telegraph office in this city for special report will not be made public until preented to the Board. There are, however, this time that the paper was found in the no amendments of any consequence pro-

The most important rule on which ther pudiates the Wheeling Register's pretended is been a difference of opinion is that calling for daily reports from Inspec has been a difference of opinion is tors, having been made in an order from ing subject to the action of the Board. The Barbour County Republican refers to There was a discussion of this question at one of the meetings of the Board, and the amously against the rule, but for the reason stated no action will-be taken to abolish o vising Inspector General, said to-night that there was no question of the majority of the r the Board being opposed to the rule be cause it was irksome to them, but that it would not be abolished.

Mr. Dumont feels an interest in it from Secretary establishing it. The Board will make no changes in the pilot rules, as they

The Assertion Possible in Milite to do the Assertion Possible of Militery and Possible of Milite

Court of last resort. Nevertheless it is possible that a compromise may be agreed upon by which the Baltimore & Ohlo will disgusted with the manner in which they agree to give up their project of a rival line between this city and Baltimore in con-butween this city and Baltimore in con-and knife.

the crossing at Harrisburg. THE GENEVA AWARD.

The Proposed Manner of Distributing

Washington, February 5.—The subcommittee of the Committee on Judiciary,
appointed to draft a bill embodying the
views of the committee respecting the distribution of the Geneva award surplus,
have about completed their labors, and
will report the bill to the House some line. will report the bill to the House some time during the coming week. The bill, however, will not become a law as speedily as smallpox were reported to-day.

Since that time the four members who opposed the committee's action have deter Claims, and that the claimants be there to scramble for surplus. It has been discovered also WASHINGTON, February 5 .- The action of that the insurance men have not given up

was anticipated by the beneficiaries since

Elections, in recommending to the full able opposition to the report of the com-Committee that the contest of Mabson vs. mittee in the House when it shall be re-Oates be dropped, further relieves the ported, and their footprints at least will be Committee of the charge of bigoted parti. found when the proposed bill comes up for zanship, made against it in the early part of consideration. The war premium men are feeling much downcast since the report of recommended only the payment of sufferhe ran in a district (Third) in Alabama ers by the exculpated cruisers, and there is good reason to believe that when there and was defeated by the full figure. He is such a number of opposing interests the bill will meet the fate that has overtaken

APTER THE SENTENCE. w Gniteau Feels-Interesting Story About one of the Jury Guards.

teau has passed a very quiet day and seems

and will proceed thence to Chicago, where he will remain for some days. He says he exceptions and get it before the general term by March 4.

It was stated last night by a friend of Mr. Scoville that he was greatly disappointed in not getting a commission to take tesmony in regard to the newspaper alleged to have been found in the quarters of the jury at the National Hotel. In this connection he expected to gather some rather interesting facts in regard to the affidavit of bailliff Curtis; that in addition to the allegation that Curtis was not in charge of the the jury at the time when the newspaper was found, it was alleged that the officer whose duty it was to have been in the bailiff's room at night and to remain in charge of the jury during the evening was busily engaged for many evenings in prosecuting a most romantic affaire de Creur with one of the female employes of the hotel, who has since been discharged, and that for many hours the interesting the real content of the property of the sassination. If there led here, guarded and free to follow their own incli-nations in whatever direction they might isville, and Flower, of St. Paul, has considered some forty amendments to the this amorous officer was transferred to of time from March until the commission charge of the jury, and that it was during

THE LOST EXPLORERS.

The Measures Being Taken for Thei

balliff's room.

Washington, February 4.-Nearly or by letter or tolegraph or by the help of in-fluential friends, to the Secretary of the Navy to be ordered to go in search of De Long and the missing boats of the Jean-

the rescue of the Jeannette's crew is high-

the rescue of the Jeannette's crew is highly creditable to the spirit of the navy. The Secretary of the Navy received the following cable dispatch from James Gordon Bennett, who is in Paris:

"Permit me to suggest, in reference to the request of Lieuterfant Danenhower to go back and continue the search, that in view of his condition he should be ordered home. If he returns to the North there is a strong possibility of his losing his eyes sight entirely; but on his way home he could have the best medical attention and perhaps regain the use of both his eyes.

President to Mr. Gowan. The latter is understood to be desirous of assuming the presidency of that road as well as the Reading, and Mr. Knight has asyetgiven no indication of his own feelings in the matter.

The only hitch in making the through connection will be a bridge across the Susquehanna near Harrisburg. To make the connection with Reading at that point it will be necessary to cross the Pennsylvania lines. It will be difficult to do this except at a grade, and this the Pennsylvania Company is likely to fight against up to the Court of last resort. Nevertheless it is possible that a compromise may be agreed

New York, February 5.—The District Grand Lodge No. 1 of the Order of Free Sons of Israel began a three days' session to-day. The annual report commenced with a pathetic allusion to the untimely death of President Garfield, and the sorrow

DOOMED TO DEATH.

TO HANG BY HIS MISERABLE NECK

Until He is Dead, and "Don't You Forget It." Scateness Him to be Hung June 30-How "Old Total Depravity" Took It.

Judge Cox entered the Court room, and took his place in the dock, and did not repeat his request of yesterday, to be allowed that he wished to say, since the adjournment of Court he had been informed that the room at the time the paper was found the name of Sliner, who was in charge at the time the paper was found, and who was withdrawn by the prosecution. "This man," said Scoville, "I am told, knows about the paper, and I can in ten minutes summon as witness a party who will say that the man Sliner was heard to remark that if that matter of the Crisic became known he (Sliner) would have to jump the

town."
Colonel Corkhill objected to the evident Colonel Corkhill objected to the evident attempt to postpone consideration of this motion. If every bit of hearsay goesip was to be dragged in here there would never be any end to the question.

Scoville replied that he did not ask for a postponement. He simply desired to call the attention of the Court to information he had received as showing how important it was to investigate this matter with the closest scrutiny.

rom manuscript his decision upon the mo-tion. Reading from various authorities earing upon the case, Judge Cox discuss-dateons length the me length the circumstances attend there are several circumstances that make it impossible that at least two of the names

upon this subject, there might be so of the act. The evidence now sought to be introduced would be merely cumulative, would not affect the verdict.

would not affect the verdict.

As the expert witness, whose admissions after trial are alleged to have been different from his evidence given upon trial, Judge Cox said unsworn admissions of this character could never be considered as ground for overturning a verdict that may have been obtained through the evidence of the very witness who, from a corrupt motive, might seek to reverse a verdict.

From all the papers presented, Judge Cox summed up:

CHARRED REMAINS.

Search for Bodies in the Ruins of the part of the Work Fire.

New York, February 4.—Search was reasonated building for persons buried under the middle building for persons began work in debria. About sixty persons began work in able to make much progress on account of summed up:

s motion, which is, therefore, overruled." Scoville—I would like to note exception

upon you the horror of the whole world, and the execrations of your countrymen. The excitement produced by such an of-In exercise a produced by such an of-fense made it no easy task to secure for you a fair and impartial trial, but you have had the power of the United States Treas-ury and of the Government in your service to protect your person from violence and to procure evidence from all parts of the

You have had as fair and impartial a jury as ever assembled in a Court of justice. You have been defended by counsel with a seal and devotion that merits the highest encomium, and I certainly have done my best to secure a fair presentation of your defense. Notwithstanding all this, you have been found guilty. It would have been a comfort to many people if the verdict of the jury had established the fact that your act was that of an irresponsible man. It would have left the people the satisfying belief that the crime of political assessination was something entirely for

the highest penalty known to the criminal code, to serve as an example to others. Your career has been so extraordinary that people might well, at times, have doubted your sanity. But one can not but believe that when the crime was committed you thoroughly understood the nature of the crime and its consequences, [Guiteau-I was acting as God's man] and that you had moral sense and conscience enough to recognize the moral iniquity of such an act. [Prisoner—That's a matter of opinion.] Your own testimony shows that you recolled with horror from the idea. You say that you prayed against it. You say that you thought it might be prevented. This shows that your conscience warned you sgainst it, but by the wretched sophistry of your own mind you worked yourself up against the protest of your own conscience. What motive could have induced you to this act must be a matter of conjecture. Probably men will think that some fanaticism or morbid desire for self-exaltation was the real inspiration for the act. Your own testimony seems to controvert the theories of your counsel. They have maintained, and thought honestly, I believe, that you deliberate and misguided will was the sole impulse.

This may seem insanity to some persons, but the law looks upon it as a willful

o in Guiteau's case, both by night and by

that had the appearance of a human body. When the rubbish was cleared away, it was found that there was little about the body to identify it. The head was burned off, the right leg was half gone, the left leg was burned at the knee, the right arm was severed at the shoulder and the left hand was cut off at the wrist. Dr. Primethought from the share of the body. rom the shape of the body, that it was that of Alfred W. Ferris, one of the com-positors of the New York Observer. A prother of the dead man said that he could

here percent Retanding Bill, which passed the Senate vesterday, should pass the House and become a law it would prove successful, although its chances of success would be vastly increased if the time of the maturity of the new bonds should be fixed at a definite date, from ten snould be fixed at a definite date, from ten to twenty years in the future, instead of being left to the option of the Govern-ment.

Nativity of Mormon Recruits.

Washingrox, February 4.—That nearly all the Mormon recruits come from England and Denmark is shown by the following statement of the nativity of foreignborn persons in Utah, as given in a census bulletin:

All other foreign born, 1,863.

Land League Affairs. satisfying belief that the crime of political assessination was something entirely foreign to the institutions and civilization of our country. But the result has denied them that comfort. The country will accept it as a fact that the crime can be committed, and the Court will have to deal with it with

BLAINE TO ARTHUR.

MAKING KNOWN SOME PLAIN FACTS

Stating that the President Approved of the Pr posed Congress of American Republics-He Expresses His Surprise at the Present Peculiar Course of the Administration.

Washington, February 4.-Ex-Secretary Blaine sent the following letter to Presi The suggestion of a congress of all th

perican nations to assemble in the city of Washington for the purpose of agreeing on such a basis of arbitration for international troubles as would remove all possibility of war in the western hemisphere The assassination of July, 2d prevented his States. After your accession to the Presi dency I acquainted you with the project and submitted to you a draft for such invitation. You received the suggestion and after carefully examining the form of the invitation directed that it be sent. It was accordingly dispatched in November to the independent government of America, North and South, including all, from the Empire of Bruzil to the smallest republic. In a communication addressed by the present Secretary of State, on January 9th, to Mr. Trescott and recently sent to the Senate I was greatly surprised to find a proposition looking to the annulment of these invitations, and I was still more surprised when I read the reasons assigned. If I correctly apprehend the meaning of his words it is that we might offend some European powers if we should hold in the United States a congress of the "selected nationallites" of America. was accordingly dispatched in November

parently unmoved, and with his gaze riveled on the Judge, but when the final words were spoken, he struck the table violently and shouted, "And may the Lord have merey on your soul. I'd rather stand where I do than where that jury does, and where your Honor does. I am not afraid to die. I stand here as God's man, and God Almighty will curse every man who has had a part in procuring this unright-cous verdict. Nothing but good has come from Garfield's removal, and that will be inthe verdict of posterity on my inspiration. I don't care a snap for the verdict of this corrupt generation. I would rather a thousand times be in my position than that of those who have hounded me to death. I shall have a glorious flight to glory, but that miserable scoundrel Corkill, will have a permanent job down below, where the devil is preparing for him. After apparently talking himself out, the prisoner turned to his brother, and without the slightest trace of excitement, conversed for some minutes before being taken from the Court-room.

Upon the arrival of Guiteau at the jail he was at once taken to a cell, and a guard placed over him. The precaution is always beserved in case of prisoners under sentence of death, and will be rigidly adhered to in Guiteau's case, both by night and by day. A NEW POSITION TO ASSUME

CHARRED REMAINS.

Search for Bodies in the Ruins of the New York Fire.

New York Fire.

New York February 4.—Search was resumed to day in the ruins of the old World building for persons buried under the debris. About sixty persons began work early in the morning, but they were not able to make much progress on account of the storm. All day snow fell on the charred timbers, and a biting wind swept over the pit where the men were at work. At about 10:30 A. M., one of the workmen, who held a pick in his hand, struck something. powerful motive for the American gover ments to be at peace among themselves.

ments of cotton, provisions and breadstaffs supplied the money. If anything should change or check the balance in our faver in European trade our commercial ex-changes with Spanish America would drain we of our preserve of sold server. in ruropean trate our commercial exchanges with Spanish America - would drain us of our reserve of gold coin at a rate exceeding \$100,000,000 per annum, and would probably precipitate a suspension of specie payment in this country. Such a result home might be worse than a little jealousy and ill-will abroad. I do not say, Mr. President, that the holding of a peace congress will necessarily change the currents of trade, but it will bring us into kindly relations with all the American nations; it will promote the reign of peace and law and order, it will increase production and consumption and will stimulate the demand for articles which American manufacturers can furnish with profit. It will at all events be a friendly and auspicious beginning in the direction of American influence and American trade in a large field which we have hitherto greatly neglected and which has been practically monopolized by our commercial rivals in Europe.

congress, has been made public, I deen it a matter of propriety and justice to give this letter to the press.

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Big Fall of "The Beautiful" in Dif

Ferent Parts of the Country.

FREDERICKENERSO, V.A., February 4.—A severe northeast snow storm has prevailed in Northern Virginia for fifteen hours past and is still raging. The snow is twelve inches deep on a level, and is drifting badly. Railroad trains are delayed, and communication by country roads is cut off.

NEW YORK, February 4.—The snow storm continues, with high wind. Trains on the Long Island roads are blocked. In the interior of the State and throughout New England the storm is very severs. Freight trains are abandoned on the New York Central and Erie, and passenger trains are compelled to use two and three engines.

Hamilton Rebruary 4.—Snow eight inches deep and still falling.

LATES.—The snow-storm continues. Fourteen inches deep on the level, and badly drifted in places. Street car travel is sub-

a level and in many places has drifted several feet high.

New York, February 4.—Snowing and blowing hard all day, Snow still falling fast, and is a foot deep on a level. Wind blowing a gale. Street cars are mostly laid

blowing a gale. Street cars are mostly laid up.

CARBONDALE, PA., February 5.—This city and neighborhood has 36 inches of snow on a level, all falling within the past three days. The storm was the most severe one of several seasons. All the Bear Creek lumbering has been stopped by the storm. Snow fell over 30 inches everywhere in this section.

Bosrox, February 5.—The snow storm was very severe throughout New England.

was very severe throughout New England and lasted until after noon to-day. The attendance at the churches was light, and in some places the churches were not opened. The trains were badly delayed, and the streets and country roads badly

blocked.

A passenger train and freight train were in collision near Natick, and many persons bruised and the two locomotives damaged. Provincetown had the heaviest snow storm in many years, and at Gloucester the winds reached a velocity of 58 miles an hour.

bruised and the two locomotives damaged. Provincetown had the heaviest snow storm in many years, and at Gloucester the winds reached a velocity of 58 miles an hour.

Shipping at many points suffered considerable. At 3 P. M. to-day, when the storm ceased in Boston, the snow had been falling for twenty-four hours.

Over nine inches have been added to the large amount already on the ground. It is badly drifted, and many of the narrowest streets are wholly impassible. The storm is reported as every heavy throughout New Hampahire, Vermont and Maine. Dispatches from points in New Hampahire, storm is reported as every heavy throughout New Hampahire, Vermont and Maine. Dispatches from points in New Hampahire show a snow fall of from eighteen inches to three feet, the latter at Pittsfield. The railroads all over the State are badly block-aded. Fifteen inches of snow fell at Bellone Falls, Vermont. To-night the trains are twelve hours late. A dispatch from Waterbury, Connecticut, says the roads are all badly drifted. Passenger trains on the New York and New England roads were snow bound all night, and another five hours late. At Gardner, Maine, the roads about the city are so badly drifted that it will be several days before communication with the surrounding country can be bad: Lee hervestings on the Kennel. It is a suffering from rheumatism, and perhaps will have to give the way to Thurston, or some obter from rheumatism, and perhaps will have to give the very one ther way to Thurston, or some other sport. Tom Ryan, of Cincinnati, will probably uppure for him. The question of referee is one on which the fight may hang, if it hangs at all Solly and it will be several on the snow had been fight may be will may be fair. The question of referee is one on which the give you to five fight may hang, if it hangs at all Solly and it will be severaled to the same will may be the period of referee is one on the pot able and way to the give you of the fight may hang, if it hangs at all Solly and it will be severed in the sound in will be several days before communication with the surrounding country can be had: Ice harvesting on the Kennebec is badly ice harvesting on the Kennebec is badly interfered with, and the cost of clearing the snow off the ice is estimated at \$20,000. At Hartford, Connecticut, the railroad men are working hard all day, and passenger trains will probably run on time to-morrow.

The roof of a livery stable was crushed in by the weight of the snow and carriages, etc., damaged to the extent of \$10,000 A number of wrecks are reported of Nantucket and it is said considerable damaged damaged and the people. A

sproved otherwise. The men will leave and away.

HALIFAX, February 5—A snow storm and high winds of great severity began early this morning and bus not yet abated. The drifts in some places are impassable.
Fraderitish in some places are interesting the no interference on the part of the Louisians authorities and that there is a base and place are in the closury friends are in the closury friends and part for

San Francisco, February 4.—The Greer and Country Merchants' Business Journal, of this city, will publish an article relative to the seizure of salmon by Government authorities at Chicago, showing that the business of shipping inierior Sacramento river and Puget Sound salmon under labels of a Frazier river canning firm has been systematically carried on by parties in this city and Chicago, and that a similar course has been pursued with fruits, and that undoubtedly the fish seized in Chicago are an inferior quality of home production.

Preferred Beath to Prisan.

doubtedly the fish seized in Chicago are an inferior quality of home production.

Preferred Beath to Prison.

New Orleans, February 5.—Henri Derrance, the youngs at of three brothers, aged 19, under a sentence of five years in the State prison for killing E Smix, Jr., tried to kill himself to-night in the Parish prison. He placed the muzzle of a pistol to his breast sone glanced around to the left side and entered his arm. The wound is not dangerous.

FIRE RECORD,

New York, February 5.—Early this morning a fire started in the barrel factory of the late firm of C.B. Brock & Co., at was soon destroyed. A boarding house and the house and liquor store of Louis Miller followed, together with the lumber yard of Vanderbeck & Sons at Steuben and Green streets, with their stables, eight horses and mules. The flames swept across Steuben street and enveloped the stove foundry and pattern shop of Simmons & Co. The adjoining property was somes what damaged. The total loss is placed at \$200,000; property well insured. One of reman was seriously and another slightly burned.

Trusyller, PA., February 5.—Brase

Trusyller, Many citi-cong to New York by route of ticket. The adjoining property was somes we was some of the property was somes what damaged. The total loss is placed at \$200,000; property well insured. One of reman was seriously and another slightly burned.

Trusyller, PA., February 5.—Brase

THE COMING RYAN-SULLIVAN MILL.

ration Contest-Rumors of a Sell Rife-Th Betting Largely in Payer of the "Beston Boy"-Ryan's Backers Sauguine.

big scare this afternoon over a rumor that the fight announced between Ryan and take place. The rumor grew out of a state-ment that local sports here, backed by the New York crowd, had said that if the light came off it would, beyond all peradventure, be won by Ryan. There are five or many more from Chicago, who want to risk their pile on Sullivan, but when this story obtained credence there was a decided PHILADELPHIA, February 4.—The snow-storm continues, and traffic is much im-peded in the city. Reports from various points of the state show that the storm has not abated; it is more violent on the mountains west of Harrisburg and drifting badly, making it very difficult for trains to run.

Hull in the betting. Your correspon-dent called during the afternoon on Mr. James Colvin, of Boston, the repre-sentative of Sullivan, and Mr. W. E. Hard-ing, who represents Mr. George R. Fox, Mr. Ryan's backer, and was assured by both that the fight would positively take place. that the fight would positively take place. The only difficulty would be in obtaining a

referee, and this, it was thought, could be wan marry be made before 4:30 or 5 o clock Sullivan was seen at his headquarters Carrollton, about ten miles out of the city this evening. He is in splendid condition and will on Thursday tip the beam at 17 pounds. He will be seconded by Joe Gos and Billy Madden, and will be unpried by Arthur Chambers, the light weight cham pion.

Artaur Chambers, the light weight chanipion.

Ryan was found at his headquarters in
the West End, and in a direct line about
thirteen miles from where Sullivan was
found. He appears in splendid form, and
looks twice as well as he did the night
he sparred with McDonald before the Vine
Street Opera House was burned. He says
he has no fears of the result, and joins Sullivan in the statement that he wants the
superiority of the men settled at once and
for all time to come. Ryan will be seconded by Tom Kelley and, probably,
Johnny Roach. The latter is suffering
from rheumatism, and perhaps will have
to give way to Thurston, or some other
sport. Tom Ryan, of Cincinnait will probe.

Perkins.
From Beston Joe Goss, Ed. McAvoy,
James Calvin, James Kilbride and James

can be find:
eee is badly
after a compared to the word of clearing of clearing of clearing of the series of the word of the wo

At 11 P. M. W. P. Harding, who repre-

zens who have heretofore been active Re-publicans took part in the proceedings and joined the club. It is established upon a non-partisan basis. Wm Gillies, a leading manufacturer, was chosen President, and steps were taken to form auxiliary societies throughout the country. The organisations greatly neglected and which has been practically monopolized by our commercial Triusville, Pa., February 5.—Brace steps were taken to form auxiliary trivals in Europe.

As Mr. Frelinghuysen's dispatch, foreshadowing the abandonment of the peace shadowing the abandonment of the peace shadowi